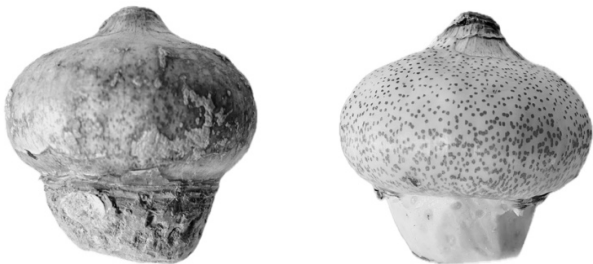


## Blood lily (*Scadoxus multiflorus*) in the Radix-Glass

The Blood lily bulb should be started immediately upon receipt. If this is not possible, store it cool and dark at around 10 °C. Remove the dry skin from the bulb and carefully pare the knobby "rootplate" with a kitchen knife. Remove only a thin layer all around so the roots can sprout more easily.



Fill the Radix Glass with water up to the internal shelf. The rootplate should fit through the opening and dip into the water. The water may become slightly cloudy at first, and a white slimy residue can form on the rootplate, simply rinse it off under running water.

Once the roots are longer than the rootplate, it should no longer remain permanently in the water.

The Blood lily prefers a bright location. However, avoid placing the Radix-Glass directly on a windowsill in very sunny summer weather, as the water can heat up significantly. Algae are also more likely in warm seasons. Occasionally change the water and clean the container; this reduces algae and restores dissolved oxygen to the plant, which decreases faster in warm, stagnant water.

If started in early summer, the plant may take a little longer to begin growing. A little patience pays off.